

Newsletter

MAY 2016

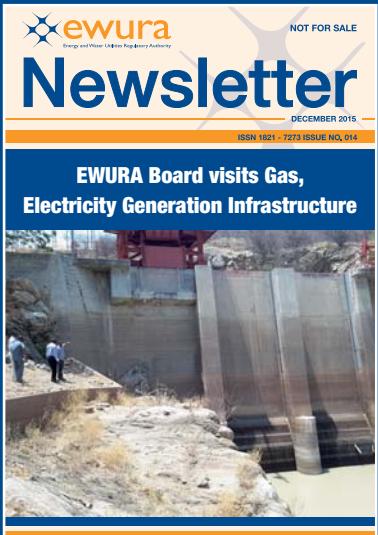
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Electricity tariff down

- ❖ *Monthly service charges removed*



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Power Station

From the Editor

Dear Esteemed Readers!



Titus Kaguo

You are warmly welcome to the 15th Edition of EWURA Newsletter, published quarterly by the Energy and Water Utilities Regulatory Authority, which is in both languages, English and Kiswahili, to suit the interest of various readers.

In this edition readers will enjoy interesting articles related to our four regulated areas of Energy (Petroleum, Electricity, Natural Gas) and Water, focusing on technical and economic part of regulatory dispensation.

This Newsletter sheds light on Authority's operations over a specific period, therefore, articles covered in this edition details regulatory activities that have taken place between January and April 2016.

Interesting articles featured in this edition, among others, include EWURA's move to issue reduced electricity tariffs to TANESCO, How EWURA is ensuring that there is water quality control, the benefits of fuel marking and EWURA's Client Service Charter.

Others are MORUWASA focus to improve water services, SPP framework for more electricity investments and new faces that have joined EWURA, making a total of 120 personnel.

EWURA also continues to encourage the public to visit the website www.ewura.go.tz to access current information . Those wishing to know cap prices for petroleum products should dial *152*00#.

Welcome!

From the Desk of the **Director General**

Dear Esteemed Readers!

Welcome to this issue of the EWURA Newsletter, a focal point for highlighting issues relating to EWURA's operations for the benefit of Tanzanian society.

Since our last issue of December 2015, the Authority has developed a number of regulatory tools as part of its mandate to regulate the energy and water sectors in Mainland Tanzania.

Furthermore, the Authority has registered key milestones such as the development of the Small Power Projects (SPP) competitive bidding framework for solar and wind energy, thus ensuring that there is an effective framework in place for potential investors.

In addition to this, the Authority commenced preparation of regulatory tools specific to the natural gas sub-sector in accordance with the new Petroleum Act, 2015. Such tools shall enable setup of appropriate frameworks for regulating the natural gas sub-sector whilst ensuring that potential investors have access to a level playing field.

It is my expectation that the articles contained in this issue of EWURA Newsletter shall prove both educational and informative to all stakeholders reading this issue.



Felix Ngamlagosi

I wish to thank the Government of Tanzania, EWURA Board of Directors, Government Consultative Council, Consumer Consultative Council, all regulated suppliers, and the general public, for their continued support, and co-operation with the Authority.

I wish to also thank EWURA Management and Staff for their high enthusiasm displayed during the course of performing their duties.

Finally, I would like to thank all stakeholders for their continued cooperation. Please join me in reading the articles found in this issue of the EWURA newsletter.

Welcome!

Electricity tariff down

❖ *Monthly service charges removed*

By Wilfred Mwakalosi

The Energy and Water Utilities Regulatory Authority (EWURA) has approved an application by state power utility Tanesco, to adjust downward electricity tariffs and some charges. The adjustments include a decrease of electricity average tariff, the Service Line Application Fee, Removal of Monthly Service Charge.

Announcing the decision by EWURA Board of Directors on 1st April 2016, EWURA Director General Mr. Felix Ngamlagosi said the Regulator has approved a decrease of electricity average tariff by a range of 1.5% to 2.4% in 2016 compared to the current tariff, effective from April 1, 2016.

Further, the service line application fee of TZS 5,000 has been removed, but a disconnection and reconnection charge of TZS 7,000/= has been introduced.

However, Mr Ngamlagosi said TANESCO's Tariff Review Application for 2017 has been deferred and shall be resubmitted by 31st August 2016. Reasons for the deferment include the use of an interim natural gas price in the tariff application, which would have a negative impact should the gas price change.

According to TANESCO, the proposed tariff adjustments will enable it to finance its operational costs and capital investment program (CIP), and be able to comply with the Government's policy of ensuring that the population with access to electricity reaches 75% by 2025. During the consultation process, to seek stakeholders' views and comments on the reasonableness of the application, the Government Consultative Council ("GCC"), EWURA Consumers Consultative



EWURA Director General, Mr. Felix Ngamlagosi (right), accompanied by the Director of Electricity, Eng. Anastas Mbawala, while speaking to journalists (not in picture) about TANESCO's tariff adjustments recently.

Council ("EWURA CCC"), and the general public submitted comments on the reasonableness of the two-year tariff adjustment application.

The GCC was of the opinion that the proposed tariff reduction will adversely affect the ability of TANESCO to carry out its functions. "TANESCO need to have long term plans of ending the emergency power plants and reducing generation from its own liquid fuel power plant that cost TANESCO a lot of money", it noted.

The GCC was also of the opinion that, TANESCO should not depend on subsidies from the Government to finance its operational activities. Instead the utility should improve performance



Electricity infrastructure. TANESCO says new tariff will enable the state utility to finance its operational costs.

for it to achieve its financial independency. Based on Audited report of 2013, the GCC was uncertain whether TANESCO's proposal was properly evaluated given the financial situation of the company.

The GCC was of the opinion that if this proposal is accepted, TANESCO's financial situation may worsen and render it unable to provide services to its customers

The EWURA CCC objected the idea of TANESCO to obtain a loan from the Bank of Tanzania for paying its outstanding debt of TZS 699.5 billion because at the end of the day the customers will be the ones to pay the costs associated with the loan.

EWURA CCC's advice was for TANESCO to take loans for capital investments and not for operation and maintenance; and at the same time strive to collect revenue which is outstanding from the electricity customers amounting to TZS 374.92 billion. Furthermore, the EWURA CCC proposed a number of measures to cut down operational cost of TANESCO.

SONGAS did not support the tariff reduction as this action does not cure the sector financial difficulties. Moreover it is very unclear and unusual

for TANESCO to apply for tariff reduction. Instead, SONGAS proposed a yearly increase of 19.28% and 9.99% in 2016 and 2017 respectively.

The general public was of the opinion that while a Tariff reduction is possible in the long term, it is not appropriate to implement it in the short term as proposed by TANESCO. The public views that, with the reduction of tariff by 1%, TANESCO will not be able to sustain its operational costs. The general public also recommends that EWURA should include arrears which TANESCO is owed by its creditors in the current tariff review.

TANESCO responded that the tariff application considered its revenue requirement that will enable the company to operate for the relevant period (2016/2017). The power utility said the decision to remove service charges is aimed at increasing the customers' purchasing power as well as increase in electricity demand and revenue, and that high operational cost is a result of using liquid fuel for power generation and power purchases.

According to TANESCO, the proposed tariff application has considered good hydrology and availability of natural gas; and that it has started to phase out emergency power generation.

EWURA and Water Quality Control

By Tobietha Makafu

Regulation of water supply and sanitation services is particularly important since water entities are operating in a monopolistic business environment with limited competitive pressures that would otherwise ensure the quality of service provided to consumers is adequate.

EWURA is mandated to regulate Water Supply and Sanitation Services provided by Water Supply and Sanitation Authorities in regional and district head quarters', small towns and national projects area and DAWASA and DAWASCO for Dar es Salaam city and parts of Bagamoyo and Kibaha.

As a regulator, EWURA is required to establish standard for goods and services and also standards for terms and conditions of supply of goods and services.

In 2014, EWURA published water quality and waste water monitoring guidelines for drinking water supply and waste water effluent discharges for utilities to implement.

In fulfilling its obligations of protecting the interest of consumers, earlier this year the guidelines were disseminated to all regulated water utilities. The guidelines, among other issues, requires water utilities to develop their own water and waste water quality monitoring programs so as to assure the quality of service standards, code of practice, health, safety and environmental issues of water utilities.

According to EWURA'S Director of Water Services and Sanitation Eng. Mutaekulwa Mutegeki, the guidelines require water utilities to develop programs which must consider carrying

out audit monitoring twice a year, one during the wet season and another during the dry season.

"Water utilities shall carry out monitoring on monthly basis, there are several parameters to be checked so as to provide information on the overall performance on the safety of water supplied to customers, and whether it complies with relevant parametric values laid down in the latest Tanzania standard for drinking water specification," he said.

Furthermore, water utilities are supposed to establish a minimum number of samples to be taken from the designated sampling points within the distribution system, which are located on the map and verified by EWURA. By doing, this will enable the Authority to regulate and control the entire water supply chain, he added.

Eng. Mutegeki said the guidelines require Water Utilities to submit to EWURA water quality tests report on a monthly and quarterly basis, and shall submit a water test report annually for auditing.



EWURA's Principal Water Engineer, Titus Safari (left) monitors carefully water quality tests from Morogoro Urban Water & Sanitation Authority, recently.

Did you know?

Fuel marking program is beneficial to consumers

By Tobietha Makafu

In September 2010 the Energy and Water Utilities Regulatory Authority introduced the fuel marking program into the three Petroleum product types of petrol, diesel and kerosene.

EWURA's Director of Petroleum, Eng. Godwin Samwel, said Fuel Marking involves establishment of a marking system that pertains to the process of introduction of an approved marker into a petroleum product.

This is one of the most internationally acceptable methods for detecting and preventing adulteration of fuels.

A subcontracted firm, Global Fluids International (T) Ltd (GFI), using XRF undertakes fuel marking in Tanzania. It is implemented by marking the fuel soon after it has been loaded on transport trucks and wagons at designated depots in the country.

"This was established to eliminate malpractices which had for a longtime persisted in petroleum supply chain. Therefore EWURA as a responsible Authority in protecting the interests of consumers, established the marking systems which have positive impact to consumers and the Government.

Stressing on the importance of fuel marking, Eng. Godwin said it helps to eliminate fuel adulteration which occur when mixing of kerosene or any cheaper product (adulterant) with petrol and



EWURA's Technical Manager (Petroleum), Eng. Gerald Maganga (left) inspects the process of testing petroleum quality and fuel marking.

diesel for financial gain to the sellers. Mixing drastically alters the product specifications which result in loss and damage of engine power, among other things. Once the marked petrol is mixed with any adulterants, it will lose the marker concentration and becomes easy



Fuel is being marked before it is distributed to consumers.

to recognize it as out of specification product. Fuel marking also helps to simplify identification of smuggled petroleum products which come from neighboring countries into the local market through unofficial entry points along the borders.

Selling of the smuggled products into the local market results into loss of government revenue

since tax is not collected, and may also affect the quality of petroleum products in the local market due to unregulated handling process.

“Fuel marking stops transit products dumping; this is where duty free products transiting through Tanzania, destined to other countries such as Rwanda, Burundi, DRC, Malawi and Zambia are diverted into the local market.

The marking of the product enables EWURA to differentiate the products which are for transit and the one which is for the local market.

Dumping and selling of untaxed product which meant for transit have a negative impact on government revenue,” he explained.

Another importance of fuel marking, according to Eng. Godwin, is it helps to recognize tax exempted products which are imported for special projects, and sold in the local market along with other taxed products.

In case a company is found selling or in possession of non-conforming products, will be penalized as per petroleum products (marking and quality control) Rules, 2010.

The monitoring of the fuel marker concentration level is carried out at the retail outlets, mobile tankers and in depots so as to make sure they comply with the Petroleum product (Marking and quality control) rules.

Get to know EWURA'S Client Service Charter

By Tobietha Makafu

The Energy and Water Utilities Regulatory Authority (EWURA), has officially unveiled its Client Service Charter.

Preparations of the charter were based on the guidelines issued by the President's Office (Public Service Management) for government institutions, with emphasis on consultations with clients, staff and other key stakeholders.

According to EWURA's Director General Mr. Felix Ngamlagosi, the Charter is a social contract between EWURA and its clients who are the key stakeholders in all that it does.

It spells out EWURA main clients, the services offered and the standards of the service that clients should expect. It is one way in which EWURA can be directly accountable to all its clients.

EWURA clients include the regulated service providers, consumers of regulated services, Government Ministries, Departments, Agencies and Local government Authorities (LGAs).

Others are EWURA service providers, Regulators and Regulatory Associations, Civil societies, media, academic and research institutions, development partners, politicians, investors and the general public.

"We are committed to deliver an excellent level of service to meet EWURA clients' expectations.

We shall regularly monitor our level of service delivery against these standards and incorporate clients' feedback so as to promote further improvements in the set standards," he said.

Mr. Ngamlagosi noted that the clients' feedback could be a compliment, complaint, suggestion,



*We are committed to
deliver an excellent
level of service to meet
EWURA clients*

statement or a word on how they feel when engaging with EWURA in any of its service delivery channels.

He said, all EWURA's staff are responsible for delivering quality service, and urged them to use this charter to ensure that our services meet clients expectations.

MORUWASA gears up for improved water services in Morogoro

By Tobietha Makafu

The Morogoro Urban Water and Sanitation Authority (MORUWASA) has prepared a strategic plan (2015/2016 - 2017/2018) meant to improve the provision of water and sewerage services in Morogoro Municipal.

MORUWASA's Managing Director, Eng. Nicholaus Njumbo, said this recently when addressing the public on the MORUWASA tariff application submitted to EWURA during a Public Hearing Meeting held in Morogoro Municipal.

Eng. Njumbo said the tariff sought was a step towards achieving the Utility's objective of improving the provision of water and sewerage services in Morogoro Municipality. He said that in

the coming three years, MORUWASA is focusing to provide reliable water supply service to areas of Forest Hill, Rocky Garden, Municipal town centre and Kilakala by repairing and replacing the old pipes and also was in the expansion move to offer services uncovered area of Kihonda, Nanenane, Mkundi and Lukobe.

Eng. Njumbo said, the Utility also planned to reduce non-revenue water to 25% by June 2018 from the current 40.51%. EWURA delegation led by the Director of Regulatory Economics, Mr. Nzinyangwa Mchany, visited MORUWASA water infrastructure in Mindu dam, the new water treatment plant at Mambogo and the old water treatment plant at Mafiga.

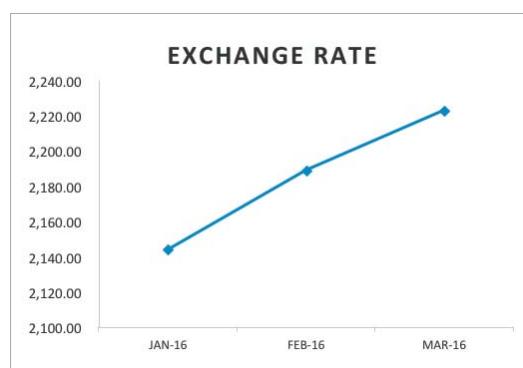
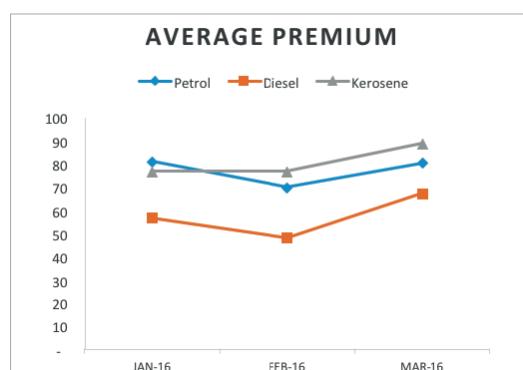
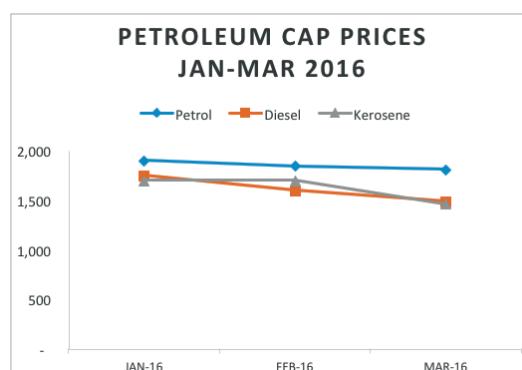


EWURA's Director of Economic Regulation, Mr. Nzinyangwa Mchany (left) listening carefully to explanation by Managing Director of MORUWASA, Eng. Nicholaus Njumbo, when EWURA team visited the source of water of Mindu dam in Morogoro.

FUEL PRICE INDICATION DATA

SUMMARY KEY STATISTICS AND TRENDS FOR PETROLEUM PRODUCTS PRICING FOR THE MONTH OF JAN-MAR 2016

EXCHANGE RATE	Jan-16	Feb-16	Mar-16
	2,143.91	2,188.75	2,222.56
PETROLEUM PRODUCTS CAP PRICES			
Month	Petrol	Diesel	Kerosene
Jan-16	1,898	1,747	1,699
Feb-16	1,842	1,600	1,699
Mar-16	1,811	1,486	1,465
FOB PRICES			
Month	Petrol	Diesel	Kerosene
Jan-16	759	756	747
Feb-16	716	620	747
Mar-16	668	484	498
AVERAGE PREMIUM			
Month	Petrol	Diesel	Kerosene
Jan-16	81	57	77
Feb-16	70	49	77
Mar-16	80	68	89



Prepared Rahel Kiula

SPP Framework for more electricity investments

By Wilfred Mwakalosi

The Second Generation Small Power Producers Framework (SPP) is expected to attract more investors in electricity generation, thanks to recent improvements in investment framework introduced by the Energy and Water Utilities Regulatory Authority (EWURA).

The improvements in the new framework seek to iron out challenges experienced in the first framework, designed to make investment environment more friendly, according to EWURA Electricity Manager (Commercial), Engineer Godfrey Chibulunje.

The renewable energy sources –hydro, biomass, biogas, geothermal, wind, and solar – can increase and diversify the supply of electricity in Tanzania, while also presenting opportunities for increasing income and generating employment.

In 2008, EWURA promulgated Rules and Guidelines for development of small power projects ranging from 100 kW up to 10 MW to capitalize on renewable energy opportunities.

The SPP Framework was designed to promote small power project development through private investment by providing investment security and market stability, reducing transaction and administrative costs and delays, and expediting regulatory processes.

The SPP Framework was an important start that EWURA committed to reviewing and revising, as appropriate, five years after its approval. While undertaking the promised five-year review, EWURA noted several challenges to the small power projects development in Tanzania.



Electricity Infrastructure

According to Engineer Chibulunje, such challenges included low tariffs that were unattractive for technologies such as wind and solar; connectivity challenges, and tariff and project development challenges relating to extension of the Main Grid and Isolated Mini-Grids owned and operated by TANESCO.

The Second Generation SPP Framework covers the development of small hydro, biomass, wind, and solar energy projects of capacity ranging from 100kW up to 10MW.

This framework is based on two approaches of a Renewable Energy Feed-in Tariff ("REFIT") approach for small hydro and biomass (not grown-biomass energy plantation) projects; and a competitive bidding approach for wind and solar projects with a capacity above 1MW up to 10MW. The Second Generation SPP Framework is designed to respond to challenges identified

during implementation of the First Generation SPP Framework and thereby further improves the conditions for small power project investments in Tanzania.

The main features of the Second Generation SPP Framework, among others, are that Small power projects will now receive a fixed tariff for the life of the SPPA (subject to indexation), instead of a tariff that fluctuates annually.

Under the First Generation SPP framework, payments were invoiced in local currency. However, payments for the Second Generation SPP framework will be invoiced in U.S. Dollars ("USD") but paid in Tanzanian shillings ("TZS") at the Bank of Tanzania selling rate on the date of payment. The DNO may claim compensation on foreign exchange losses through periodic tariff adjustment.



A Solar farm: EWURA has improved investment conditions to attract more projects of this nature.

New faces at **EWURA**



Ms. Nancy Kallambo,

*Stores Officer.
Fresh from University.*



Mr. Azaria Nathan,

*Zonal Electricity
Inspector. He comes
from TANESCO.*



Mr. David Linda,

*Water Quality Analyst
(Water Engineer). He
comes from Tanzania
Industrial Research
and Development
Organization (TIRDO).*



Eng. Victor S. Labaa,

*Senior Engineer -
Renewable Energy. He
comes from the Ministry of
Energy and Minerals.*



Eng. Tegemea Kamando

*Zonal Electricity
Inspector. She comes
from TANESCO.*



*Mr. Kenneth Simon
Kaganga*

*Senior Local
Content Officer. He
comes from Ministry
of Agriculture.*

New faces at **EWURA**



Eng.Loden Kitumbika,

Senior Water Engineer.

*He comes from
Dodoma Urban Water
and Sanitation Authority.*



Mr. Willy Elson John,

Human Resource Officer.

*He comes from Reliance
Insurance Co. (T)
Limited.*



Mr.Patrick Malogoi

Senior Legal Officer.

*He comes from the
Attorney General's
Chamber.*



Mr.Daudi Ntobi,

Driver. He comes from

*Tanzania Revenue
Authority (TRA).*



Mr.Philibert Kayanda,

Driver. He comes from

*Tanzania National
Business Council.*



Mr.Stamin Bandi,

Driver. He comes

from TANESCO.

Newsletter

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Bei ya umeme yashuka

❖ *Baadhi ya tozo zafutwa*



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Bw. Felix Ngamlagosi

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Bw. Titus Kaguo

MHARIRI MSAIDIZI

Bw. Wilfred Mwakalosi

MWANDISHI

Bi. Tobietha Makafu

WAJUMBE

Bi. Miriam G. Mahanyu
Mhandisi Charles S. Omujuni
Bw. Nzinyangwa Mchany

SEKRETARIETI

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Kituo cha Umeme

Kutoka kwa Mhariri

Mpenzi msomaji,



Titus Kaguo

Ninakukaribisha tena kwenye toleo hili la 15 la Jarida la EWURA, linalochapishwa kila robo mwaka na Mamlaka ya Udhibiti wa Huduma za Nishati na Maji, kwa lugha zote yaani Kiingereza na Kiswahili, ili kukidhi mahitaji ya wasomaji wetu.

Katika toleo hili, wasomaji wetu watapata fursa tena ya kusoma taarifa mbali mbali kuhusu maeneo manne tunayoyadhibiti, ambayo ni bidhaa za Petroli, Umeme, Gesi Asili, na Maji, zikitilia mkazo namna tunavyodhibiti kiufundi na kiuchumi.

Jarida hili linatoa mwanga juu ya shughuli za Taasisi yetu kwa muda maalum, kwa sababu hiyo, taarifa zilizomo humu zinaelezea shughuli zilizofanyika kati ya Januari na Aprili 2016.

Taarifa za kuvutia zilizomo kwenye Jarida hili, kati ya nyingine nyingi, ni pamoja na uamuza wa EWURA wa kupunguza bei ya Umeme, Namna EWURA inavyohakikisha udhibiti wa ubora wa Maji, faida za Uwekaji Vinasaba, na Mkataba wa Huduma kwa Wateja.

Taarifa nyingine ni namna MORUWASA ilivyopania kuongeza ubora wa huduma za maji, Mpango mpya wa Wazalishaji wadogo wa Umeme utakavyonufaisha wawekezaji, na Watumishi wapya waliojiunga na EWURA.

EWURA pia inawaomba wadau wake waendelee kutembelea tovuti yake www.ewura.go.tz kwa taarifa mbali mbali. Kwa wanaopenda kufahamu bei kikomo za bidhaa za petroli, wanawenza pia kupiga *152*00#.

Karibuni!

Kutoka Dawati la **Mkurugenzi Mkuu**

Mpenzi msomaji,

Karibu kwenye Jarida la EWURA, jarida maridhawa kwa ajili ya upashanaji habari wa mambo mbali mbali yanayohusu shughuli za EWURA kwa manufaa ya jamii ya Watanzania.

Tangu toleo la mwisho la Desemba 2015, Mamlaka imetengeneza na kuandaa nyenzo mbali mbali za udhibiti ikiwa ni sehemu tu ya majukumu yake katika udhibiti wa huduma za nishati na maji kwa upande wa Tanzania Bara.

Zaidi, EWURA imepiga hatua kubwa kwa kufanikiwa kuwa na Mfumo wa Ushindani wa Zabuni kwa Miradi midogo ya uzalishaji Umeme wa Jua na Upepo, ikiwa ni katika kuhakikisha kwamba nchi inakuwa na muundo mahsusini na thabitii kwa ajili ya wawekezaji.

EWURA imeshaanza pia maandalizi ya nyenzo za udhibiti wa sekta ndogo ya gesi asili kwa mujibu wa Sheria mpya ya Petroli ya 2015. Nyenzo hizo zitasaidia kuundwa kwa mifumo madhubuti kwa ajili ya udhibiti wa sekta ndogo ya gesi asilia, wakati huo huo ikihakikishwa kwamba wawekezaji wote wanakuwa na fursa sawa ya biashara.

Ni matarajio yangu kwamba taarifa mbali mbali zilizomo kwenye Jarida hili zitakuwa za msaada



Felix Ngamlagosi

mkubwa katika kuelimisha na kufahamisha wasau wote watakaosoma toleo hili.

Natoa shukrani zangu za dhati kwa serikali ya Tanzania, Bodi ya Wakurugenzi ya EWURA, Baraza la Ushauri la Serikali, Baraza la Ushauri la watumiaji Huduma zinazodhibitiwa na EWURA, watoa huduma wote wanaodhibitiwa na EWURA, na umma kwa ujumla, kwa msaada na ushirikiano mkubwa wanaoutoa kwa mamlaka katika kufanikisha majukumu yake.

Naishukuru pia menejimenti ya EWURA na wafanyakazi kwa ujumla, kwa ari ya kiwango cha juu wanayoinesha wakati wote wa utekelezaji wa majukumu yao.

Karibuni

Bei ya umeme yashuka

❖ *baadhi ya tozo zafutwa*

Na Wilfred Mwakalosi

Mamlaka ya Udhibiti wa Huduma za Nishati na Maji (EWURA) imedhinisha maombi ya Shirika la Umeme Tanzania (TANESCO), kurekebisha bei ya umeme pamoja na tozo nyingine.

Marekebisho hayo ni pamoja na kushusha bei ya umeme, kuondoa tozo ya huduma ya kila mwezi na kujumuisha Tozo ya Fomu ya Maombi katika Mahitaji ya Mapato. Akitangaza uamuzi uliofikiwa na Bodi ya Wakurugenzi ya EWURA Aprili Mosi, 2016, Mkurugenzi Mkuu wa EWURA Bw. Felix Ngamlagosi alisema Mdhibiti amedhinisha punguzo la bei ya umeme la kiwango cha asilimia 1.5 hadi asilimia 2.4 kwa mwaka 2016 ikilinganishwa na bei ya awali, kuanzia Aprili Mosi 2016.

Tozo ya kuwasilisha maombi ya kuunganishiwa umeme ya Shilingi 5,000 imefutwa, lakini gharama za urejeshaji huduma ya umeme ya sh. 7,000/= imeanzishwa.

Hata hivyo, Ngamlagosi amesema maamuzi ya Marekebisho ya Bei za Umeme kwa mwaka 2017 yameahirishwa mpaka TANESCO itakapowasilisha upya maombi hayo kabla ya tarehe 31 Agosti 2016.

Sababu za kuahirisha maombi hayo ni pamoja na kutumia bei ya sasa ya gesi asili ambayo ni bei ya mpito, jambo ambalo linaweza kuwa na na athari mbaya endapo bei hiyo ya gesi asili itabadilika.

Kwa mujibu wa TANESCO, kuitishwa kwa maombi haya kutaliwezesha Shirika kupata fedha za kulipia gharama za uendeshaji na pia kupata fedha za uwekezaji kwenye miundombinu, na kulifanya Shirika liweze kutekeleza Sera ya Serikali ya kuhakikisha huduma ya umeme inawafikia asilimia 75 ya wananchi ifikapo 2025.



Mkurugenzi Mkuu wa EWURA, Bw. Felix Ngamlagosi (kulia) akiwa na Mkurugenzi wa Umeme, Mhandisi Anastas Mbawala, wakati akizungumza na waandishi wa habari(hawapo pichani) , juu ya uamuzi wa EWURA kwa TANESCO wa kupunguza gharama za umeme.

Katika kukusanya maoni ya wadau, EWURA ilipokea maoni kutoka Baraza la Ushauri la Serikali (GCC), Baraza la Watumiaji wa Huduma zinazodhibitiwa na EWURA (EWURA CCC) na wananchi kwa ujumla kuhusu uhalali wa maombi ya TANESCO.

GCC ilisema kwamba TANESCO inahitaji kuwa na mipango ya muda mrefu ya kuondoa mitambo ya umeme wa dharura na mitambo inayotumia mafuta ya dizeli ambayo imeligharimu shirika pesa nyingi. Pia GCC inaona kwamba, TANESCO isitegemee ruzuku toka Serikalini ili kugharamia shughuli za uendeshaji na badala yake, iwe na mipango mikakati ya kuinua ufanisi wake katika kujitegemea kifedha.



Miundombinu ya Umeme: TANESCO imesema viwango vipyta vya bei vitaliwezesha shirika kuwekeza kwenye miundombinu.

6

Kutokana na ripoti ya Mdhibiti Mkuu wa Hesabu za Serikali ya 2013, na kwa kuzingatia hali ya kifedha ya Shirika, GCC haina uhakika kama TANESCO ilitathmini maombi yake ipasavyo. GCC inafikiria kwamba kama pungozo la bei ya umeme litakubaliwa, hali ya kifedha ya shirika itadorora na kupelekea kushindwa kutoa huduma kwa wateja wake.

Baraza la Ushauri la Watumiaji wa Huduma zinazodhibitiwa na EWURA (EWURA CCC) lilipingga wazo la TANESCO kupata mkopo kutoka Benki Kuu ya Tanzania kwa ajili ya kulipia madeni yake ambayo ni Sh. 699.5 bilioni kwa sababu hatimaye walipaji wa gharama zinazohusiana na mkopo ni wateja.

Baraza liishauri TANESCO kuomba mkopo kwa ajili ya uwekezaji badala ya uendeshaji na matengenezo, na wakati huo huo ikiongeza juhudhi katika kukusanya madeni yake kwa wateja ambayo yanafikia Sh. 374.92 bilioni.

Pia Baraza lilipendekeza njia kadhaa za kuongeza mapato na kupunguza gharama za uendeshaji. Kampuni ya Songas haikuafiki pungozo la bei ya umeme kwa sababu hiyo sio njia ya kukabiliana na matatizo ya fedha katika sekta ndogo ya umeme. Badala yake, Songas ilipendekeza ongezeko la asilimia 19.28 kwa mwaka 2016 na 9.99 kwa mwaka 2017.

Kwenye mukutano ulioitishwa na EWURA, wateja wa huduma za TANESCO walikuwa na maoni kuwa pungozo la bei ya umeme linawezekana kwa kufanyika kwa kipindi kirefu, si vyema kutekelezwa kwa muda mfupi kama ilivyopendekezwa na TANESCO.

Wananchi wanaona kuwa pungozo hilo la asilimia 1.1, TANESCO haitaweza kumudu gharama zake za uendeshaji. Pia walipendekeza EWURA ijumuishe malimbikizo ya madeni ya TANESCO katika ukokotoaji wa bei.

TANESCO ilisema maombi ya kurekebisha bei yamezingatia mahitaji ya mapato kwa TANESCO yatakayowezesha Shirika kuijendesha kwa kipindi husika (2016/2017), na kwamba kuondoa gharama za huduma kumelenga kuongeza uwezo wa mteja katika kununua umeme na pia kuongeza mapato na matumizi ya umeme.

Ilisema pia kwamba gharama kubwa za uendeshaji za TANESCO zimetokana na utumiaji mafuta katika uzalishaji umeme na umeme wa kununua kutoka makampuni binafsi ya kuzalisha umeme, na pia ombi la kurekebisha bei ya umeme limezingatia kwamba hali ya mvua itakuwa nzuri na gesi asilia itakuwepo ya kutosha, huku tayari ikiwa imeanza kuondoa katika biashara mitambo ya umeme wa dharura.

Mamlaka za maji kubanwa zaidi kuinua ubora wa maji

Na Tobietha Makafu

Udhibiti huduma za majisafi na usafi wa mazingira ni muhimu kwa sababu mamlaka zinazota huduma hizi zinahodhi soko, hazina ushindani katika biashara hiyo, hivyo ni vema kuhakikisha kuwa ubora wa huduma zinazotolewa kwa wateja ni wakutosha.

EWURA imepewa jukumu la kudhibiti huduma za majisafi na usafi wa mazingira katika Mamlaka za mikoa, wilaya, miji midogo na miradi ya kitaifa pamoja DAWASA na DAWASCO kwa jiji la Dar es Salaam na maeneo ya mkoa wa Pwani ya Bagamoyo na Kibaha.

Kama mdhibiti, EWURA inaweka viwango kwa bidhaa na huduma inayotolewa na pia viwango kwa ajili ya sheria na masharti ya utoaji wa huduma ya bidhaa hiyo.

Katika mwaka 2014 EWURA ilitoa chapisho la ubora wa majisafi na taka pamoja na miongozo ya ufuatilaji kwa ajili ya maji safi na maji taka kwa ajili ya kutekelezwa na watoa huduma.

Katika kutimiza wajibu wake wa kulinda maslahi ya walaji, mapema mwaka huu miongozo hiyo ilisambazwa kwa mamlaka zote za maji zinazodhibitiwa na EWURA.

Miongoni mwa mambo mengine, miongozo hiyo inahitaji mamlaka hizo kuanzisha programu endelevu za ufuatilaji utoaji wa huduma za majisafi na majitaka ili kuhakikisha huduma hizo zina ubora wa viwango, zilizofuata kanuni za afya, usalama na masuala ya mazingira katika huduma ya maji.

Kwa mujibu wa Mkurugenzi wa Maji na Usafi wa Mazingira wa EWURA, Mhandisi Mutaekulwa Mutegeki, miongozo hiyo inazitaka mamlaka za maji kuanzisha programu ambayo ni lazima kufanya ukaguzi angalau mara mbili kwa mwaka,

moja wakati wa msimu wa mvua na mwengine wakati wa kiangazi.

"Pili, kila mwezi Mamlaka za maji zitakuwa zinafanya ufuatilaji na ukaguzi kwa kutumia vigezo vilivyowekwa, ambavyo huchunguzwa ili kutoa taarifa ya utendaji kwa ujumla ya jinsi mlolongo wa usambazaji huduma za maji safi kwa wateja kama unaendana na vigezo vya sasa vilivyowekwa katika viwango vya maji safi kwa Tanzania," alisema.

Aidha, mamlaka za maji zinatakiwa kuchukua sampuli kutoka katika vyanzo vilivochaguliwa ndani ya mfumo wa usambazaji, ambavyo viko kwenye ramani iliyothibitishwa na EWURA, kwani kwa kufanya hivyo EWURA itaweza kudhibiti na kusimamia njia nzima ya ugavi wa maji, aliongeza.

Eng. Mutegeki alihitimisha kwa kusema kuwa, muongozo huu unahitaji mamlaka za Maji kuwasilisha EWURA ripoti ya vipimo vya ubora wa maji kwa kila mwezi na robo mwaka. Mamlaka za Maji pia zinatakiwa kuwasilisha taarifa ya mwaka kwa ajili ya ukaguzi. Lengo la EWURA ni kuongeza shinikizo la upatikanaji wa huduma za maji na nishati kwa njia ya udhibiti wa viwango vya kimataifa katika kuinua uboreshaji wa jamii ya Watanzania.



Mhandisi Mkuu wa EWURA wa maji, Titus Safari (mwenye shati ya mistari) akifuatilia kwa makini vipimo vya ubora wa maji kutoka kwa Mhandisi wa Mamlaka ya Maji safi na Usafi wa Mazingira Morogoro.

Je wajua?

Uwekaji wa vinasaba katika mafuta, ni rafiki kwa watumiaji

Na Tobietha Makafu

Mnamo mwezi wa tisa 2010, EWURA ilianzisha utaratibu wa kuweka vinasaba katika bidhaa tatu za petroli ambazo ni mafuta ya petroli, dizeli na mafuta ya taa.

Mkurugenzi wa Petroli wa EWURA Mhandisi Godwin Samwel anasema, uwekaji wa vinasaba kwenye petroli, ni mfumo maalum kwa ajili ya kutambulisha bidhaa za mafuta. Njia hii ni mionganini mwa njia zinazokubalika kimataifa katika kugundua na kudhibiti uchakachauaji wa bidhaa za mafuta.

Kampuni ya Global Fluids International (T) Ltd, (GFI) kwa kutumia mashine ya XRF, ndio inayofanya shughuli za uwekaji wa vinasaba hapa nchini. Vinasaba hivyo huwekwa kwenye magari ya kusafirishia mafuta mara tu baada ya kuyatoa mafuta kwenye maghala ya kuhifadhi.

"Utaratibu huu ulianzishwa ili kuondoa uchakachauaji uliodumu kwa muda mrefu katika biashara hii. Hivyo EWURA kama mamlaka husika katika kulinda masilahi ya watumiaji, ilianzisha mfumo wa kuweka vinasaba ambao una faida kubwa kwa watumiaji na Serikali kwa ujumla.

Akisisitiza umuhimu wa mradi huo, Mhandisi Samwel alisema uwekaji wa vinasaba unasaidia kuondoa uchakachauaji wa petroli ambao hutokea pale mafuta ya taa au bidhaa nyingine ya bei raisi inapo changanywa na petroli au dizeli kwa ajili ya kukuza kipato cha muuzaji.



Meneja Ufundu wa Petroli, Mhandisi Gerald Maganga (kushoto), akikagua zoezi la kuweka vinasaba katika petroli na kupima ubora wa mafuta.

Uchanganyaji huu unadhoofisha ubora wa mafuta na kusababisha uharibifu wa mitambo, upotevu wa nguvu zinazozalishwa na injini pamoja na matatizo mengine ya injini. Hivyo kama petroli imewekewa vinasaba na ikachanganywa (chakachuliwa) itabadilika na kuwa rahisi kugundulika kua ni petroli iliyo chakachuliwa.



Wataalam wakiweka vinasaba katika mafuta kabla hayajapelekwa kwa watumiaji.

Pia uwekaji wa vinasaba hurahisisha ugunduzi wa mafuta yaliyoingizwa kwa njia haramu kutoka nchi za jirani kupitia mipaka (njia) isiyi rasmi, kwa kuwa nchi za jirani hazitumii vinasaba vinavyo fanana na vinavyotumika nchini na zingine hazitumii kabisa vinasaba katika bidhaa zao za mafuta. Kuuza bidhaa za mafuta zilizoingizwa kwa

njia haramu hupunguza pato la taifa kwa sababu hazitozwi kodi na pia zinaweza kuharibu ubora wa bidhaa za mafuta zilizopo nchini kwa kuwa matunzo yake hayakudhibitiwa.

Vile vile, bidhaa za mafuta zinazopitia nchini kwenda nchi za jirani kama vile Rwanda, Burundi, DR Congo, Malawi na Zambia hazitozwi kodi, hivyo huzuiwa zisiingizwe na kuchanganywa na bidhaa katika soko la ndani.

Hivyo uwekaji wa vinasaba katika bidhaa za mafuta huwezeshakutofautishabidhaa za mafuta zinazosafirishwa na zile za soko la ndani. Kuuza bidhaa za mafuta yasiyolipiwa kodi (yanayosafilishwa nchi za jirani) kuna matokeo hasi kwa uchumi wa nchi. Pia uwekaji wa vinasaba kwenye mafuta husaidia kutambua mafuta yaliyo samehewa kodi ambayo yameingizwa nchini kwa ajili ya miradi maalumu, lakini wafanyakishara wasio waaminifu wakaingiza kibatili katika soko la mafuta nchini.

Kama mtu yoyote au kituo chochote cha mafuta kikikutwa kinauzi au kumiliki mafuta yasiyo thibitishwa watawajibishwa kwa faini kutokana na sheria na kanuni za mafuta. Shughuli ya kudhibiti na kusimamia uwiano wa kikemikali wa vinasaba vya mafuta hufanywa na EWURA katika vituo vya kuuzia mafuta, magari ya kusafirishia na maghala ya kuhifadhiya mafuta ili kuhakikisha yanaendana na viwango vilivyowekwa kisheria.

EWURA sasa ina Mkataba wa Huduma kwa Wateja

Na Tobietha Makafu

Mamlaka ya Udhibiti wa huduma za Nishati na Maji (EWURA) sasa ina Mkataba wa Huduma kwa Mteja. Mkataba huu umeandaliwa kwa kuzingatia miongozo iliyotolewa na Ofisi ya Rais inayoshughulikia utumishi wa umma, kwa maelekezo ya kila taasisi ya umma kuwa na mikataba ya huduma kwa mteja na kwa kushauriana na wateja, watumishi na wadau wakubwa.

Kwa mujibu wa Mkurugenzi Mkuu wa EWURA, Felix Ngamlagosi, mkataba huu ni wa kiuhusiano kati ya EWURA na wateja wake ambao ni wadau wakubwa katika huduma zinazotolewa na Mamlaka. Mkataba huu unawaja wateja wakubwa, huduma zinazotolewa na viwango vyake ambavyo wateja wanastahili kuzipata.

Bw. Ngamlagosi amesema wateja wa EWURA ni watoa huduma wanaodhibitiwa, walaji wa huduma zinazodhibitiwa, Wizara, Idara za Serikali, Mashirika ya Umma na Serikali za mitaa.

Wengine ni Watoa huduma za EWURA, wadhibiti na jumuia za Udhibiti, vyama vya kiraia, vyombo vya habari, Taasisi za elimu na utafiti, wabia wa maendeleo, wanasiasa, wawekezaji na umma.

"Tumedhamiria kwa dhati kutoa huduma ya kiwango cha juu ili kukidhi matarajio ya wateja wa EWURA. Mara kwa mara tutakuwa tukifuatilia viwango vyetu vya huduma kwa kuzingatia vigezo na viwango, pamoja na kupokea na kushughulikia mrejesho wa wateja katika kuboresha huduma hizo kwa mujibu wa viwango vilivyopo," alisema.

Bw. Ngamlagosi aliongeza kusema, mrejesho kutoka kwa wateja unaweza ukawa wa kupongeza, kulalamika, kupendekeza, kauli au neno la kuonesha jinsi wanavyojisikia wanapokuwa wanapata huduma zetu kuitia njia mbalimbali.



*"Tumedhamiria kwa dhati
kutoa huduma ya kiwango
cha juu ili kukidhi
matarajio ya wateja
wa EWURA*

Alimalizia na kusema, watumishi wote wa EWURA wanawajibika kutoa huduma za kiwango bora kwa wakati wote wanapowahudumia wateja, hivyo akawataka watumie mkataba huo kuhakikisha kwamba huduma wanazotoa zinakidhi matarajio ya wateja.

MORUWASA yajizatiti kutoa huduma bora Morogoro

Na Tobietha Makafu

Mamlaka ya Majisafi na Usafi wa Mazingira Morogoro (MORUWASA) imeweka mpango mkakati (2015/2016-2017/2018) ili kuboresha utoaji wa huduma za majisafi na maji taka katika Manispaa ya Morogoro.

Mkurugenzi Mkuu wa MORUWASA, Mhandisi Nicholaus Njumbo, alisema hayo hivi karibuni wakati akitoa hoja kwa wananchi juu ya maombi ya bei yaliyowasilishwa EWURA wakati wa Mkutano wa Taftishi uliofanyika katika Manispaa ya Morogoro.

Mhandisi Njumbo alisema bei inayoombwa imelenga kuboresha huduma za maji safi na maji taka katika Manispaa ya Morogoro. Mhandisi Njumbo alisema katika miaka mitatu ijayo, MORUWASA ilimelenga kutoa huduma

ya uhakika kwa maeneo ya Forest Hill, Rocky Garden, mjini na Kilakala kwa kukarabati miundombinu na kuondoa mabomba ya zamani huku ikiwa na mpango wa kupanua utoaji wa huduma kwa maeneo mapya ya Kihonda, Nanenane, Mkundi na Lukobe.

Mhandisi Njumbo pia alisema Mamlaka yake imelenga kupunguza upotevu wa maji hadi asilimia 25 ifikapo Juni mwaka 2018 kutoka asilimia 40.51 za sasa.

EWURA chini ya ujumbe ulioongozwa na Mkurugenzi wa Udhibiti Uchumi, Bw. Nzinyangwa Mchany, ulifanya ukaguzi kwenye miundombinu ya MORUWASA, bwawa la Mindu, mitambo mipywa ya kutibu maji wa Mambogo na ule wa zamani wa Mafiga Morogoro.

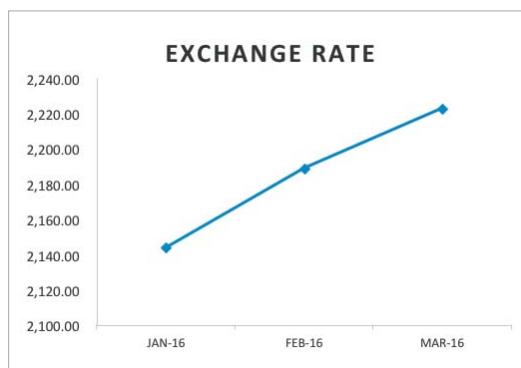
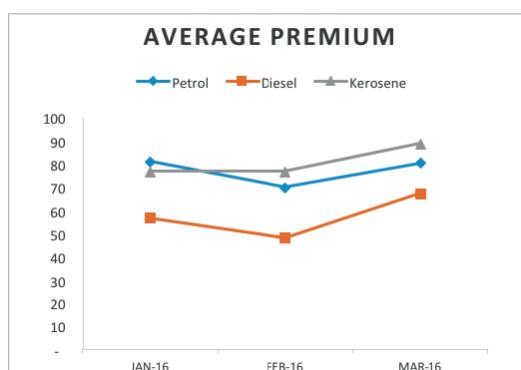
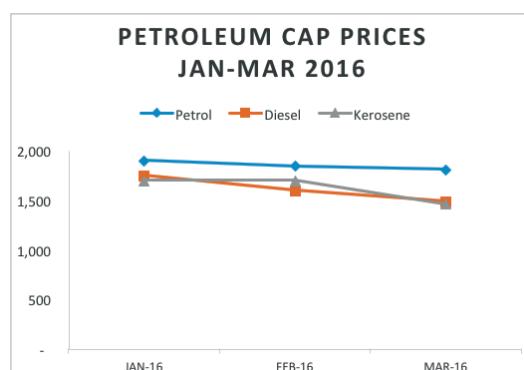


Mkurugenzi wa EWURA wa Udhibiti Uchumi, Bw. Nzinyangwa Mchany (kushoto) akisikiliza kwa makini maelezo kutoka kwa Mkurugenzi wa MORUWASA, Mhandisi Nicholaus Njumbo, alipotembelea chanzo cha maji cha bwawa la Mindu, Morogoro.

TAKWIMU ZA MWENENDO WA BEI ZA MAFUTA

SUMMARY KEY STATISTICS AND TRENDS FOR PETROLEUM PRODUCTS PRICING FOR THE MONTH OF JAN-MAR 2016

EXCHANGE RATE	Jan-16	Feb-16	Mar-16
	2,143.91	2,188.75	2,222.56
PETROLEUM PRODUCTS CAP PRICES			
Month	Petrol	Diesel	Kerosene
Jan-16	1,898	1,747	1,699
Feb-16	1,842	1,600	1,699
Mar-16	1,811	1,486	1,465
FOB PRICES			
Month	Petrol	Diesel	Kerosene
Jan-16	759	756	747
Feb-16	716	620	747
Mar-16	668	484	498
AVERAGE PREMIUM			
Month	Petrol	Diesel	Kerosene
Jan-16	81	57	77
Feb-16	70	49	77
Mar-16	80	68	89



Imeandaliwa Rahel Kiula

Mpango wa pili wa Wazalishaji Wadogo wa Umeme kuvutia zaidi Wawekezaji

Na Wilfred Mwakalosi

Mpango wa Pili wa Wazalishaji Wadogo wa Umeme (SPP) ni mfumo unatarajiwa kuvutia wawekezaji wengi zaidi, baada ya kufanyiwa marekebisho yanayoufanya mpango huo uwe bora zaidi.

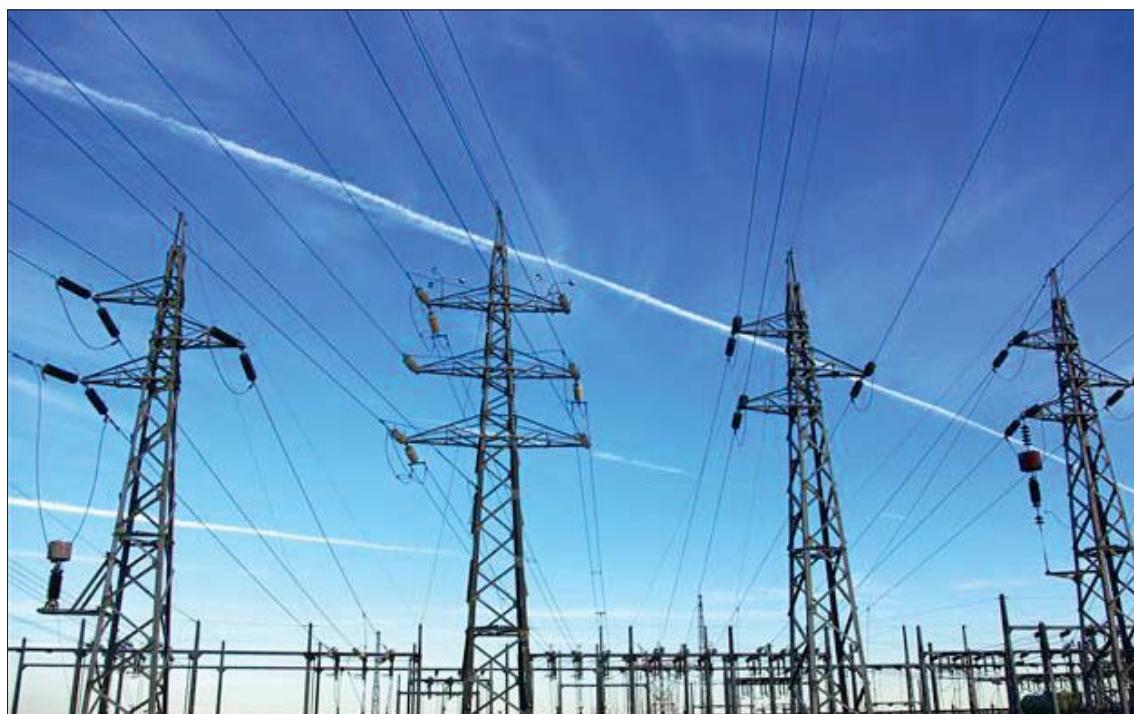
Mpango huo unatarajiwa kuboresha hali ya uwekezaji katika Miradi ya Wazalishaji Wadogo wa Umeme nchini, baada ya kuufanya marekebisho mfumo wa kwanza.

Kwa mujibu wa Meneja wa Biashara ya Umeme EWURA, Mhandisi Godfrey Chibulunje, Mpango wa Pili wa SPP umeundwa ili kutatua changamoto za Mpango wa Kwanza, na hivyo kuuboresha zaidi kwa ajili ya uwekezaji wa Miradi ya Wazalishaji wadogo wa umeme Tanzania.

Mpango wa Kwanza ulibuniwa mwaka 2008 na EWURA ili kukuza maendeleo ya miradi midogo midogo kupitia uwekezaji binafsi ili kujenga usalama, utulivu, kupunguza shughuli na gharama za kiutawala na kuharakisha mchakato wa udhibiti.

Mpango wa SPP ulikuwa ni mwanzo muhimu kwa EWURA kuanza kutathmini na kurekebisha kwa kadiri inavyofaa, miaka mitano toka kuidhinishwa kwake. Wakati marekebisho hayo yakifanywa, EWURA ilibaini changamoto kadhaa kwa miradi midogo ya umeme nchini.

Changamoto hizo ni pamoja na gharama kubwa za TANESCO za kuurejesha kwenye mizania sawia umeme unapokatika, changamoto za



Miundombinu ya Umeme

viwango na maendeleo ya miradi kuhusiana na uendelezaji wa njia kuu na zile ndogo ndogo zinazomilikiwa na kuendeshwa na TANESCO.

Katika kutatua changamoto kama hizo, sifa kuu ya mpango wa pili wa SPP ni kwamba wazalishaji wadogo sasa watakuwa na viwango vyakudumu vyabi kwa muda wote wa miradi yao, badala ya viwango vinavyobadilika kila mwaka.

Uwepo wa bei yenyeharama halisi utaongeza imani ya wawekezaji kwa kuwa na bei maalum kwa muda wote wa mradi. Kwenye Mpango wa Kwanza, malipo yalikuwa yanafanya kwa sarafu ya shilingi ya Tanzania. Hata hivyo, katika Mpango wa Pili, ankaraza malipo zitakuwa katika Dola za Kimarekani, lakini zitawezekulipwa kwa Shilingi za Kitanzania kwa kuzingatia viwango vyabadiashanaji fedha vyabeni kuu.



Mitambo ya Umeme wa Jua. EWURA imeboresha mazingira ya Uwekezaji ili kuvutia miradi mingi zaidi ya namna hii.

Sura mpya **EWURA**



Bi. Nancy Kallambo,

Afisa Ugavi, ajira ya kwanza tangu ahitimu Chuo Kikuu.



Bw. Azaria Nathan,

Mkaguzi wa Umeme wa Kanda, ametokea Shirika la Umeme Tanzania (TANESCO).



Bw. David Linda,

Mchambuzi wa Ubora wa Maji _ Ametokea Taasisi ya Taifa ya Utafiti wa Viwanda na Maendeleo. (TIRDO).



*Mhandisi Victor S.
Labaa,*

Mhandisi Mwandamizi wa Nishati Jadidifu - Ametokea Wizara ya Nishati na madini.



*Mhandisi Tegemea
Kamando*

Mkaguzi wa Umeme wa Kanda - Ametokea TANESCO.



*Bw. Kenneth Simon
Kaganga*

Afisa Mwandamizi anayeshughulikia ushiriki wa watanzania katika sekta ndogo ya gesi asilia. Ametokea Wizara ya Kilimo.

Sura mpya **EWURA**



*Mhandisi Loden
Kitumbika,*

*Mhandisi Mwandamizi
wa Maji. Ametokea
Mamlaka ya Majisafi
na Usafi wa Mazingira
Dodoma.*



*Bw. Willy Elson John,
Afisa Rasilimali Watu.
Ametokea kampuni ya
bima ya Reliance.*



*Bw. Patrick Malogoi
Mwanasheria
Mwandamizi. Ametokea
ofisi ya Mwanasheria
Mkuu wa Serikali.*



Bw. Daudi Ntobi,

*Dereva, ametokea
Mamlaka ya Mapato
Tanzania (TRA).*



Bw. Philibert Kayanda,

*Dereva. Ametokea Baraza
la Biashara la Taifa.*



Bw. Stamin Bandi,

*Dereva. Ametokea
TANESCO.*